

Addressing Poverty Through Pupil Support in Schools

Contents

Introduction	2
Questions To Ask Your School	
Accessing Support	4
What Citizens Say	
What Your School Can Do?	4
Barriers	4
Guidance	4
Case Study	5
Sharing Concerns	6
What Citizens Say	
What Your School Can Do?	6
Barriers	6
Guidance	6
Case Study	
Pupils' Emotional Wellbeing	8
What Citizens Say	
What Your School Can Do?	
Barriers	8
Guidance	8
Case Study	
References	



Introduction

Children growing up in poverty are more likely to experience increased anxiety, low moods, and lower concentration levels, which can impact their school life (Action for Children, 2024 & Mind, 2021). This can be due to additional responsibilities and burdens at home, for example, taking on caregiving roles or feeling guilty or ashamed (Action for Children, 2024; N8 Research Partnership, 2024). Sometimes, these struggles in school may be interpreted as bad behaviour (Mind, 2021).

Pastoral care provided to pupils and families is the foundation of other anti-poverty efforts (CPAG, 2020). Children from disadvantaged backgrounds are less likely to engage with and, therefore, benefit from activities aimed at supporting those with mental health concerns (CPAG, 2020). Engagement relies on relationship building, trust, and effective communication with the school, which is an integral step in providing pupil support (CPAG, 2020).

The Poverty Proofing© the School Day Bradford sample by Children North East, raised several points that need further work within this area.

In 46% of schools, pupils were uncomfortable speaking to staff about worries – 'It's too hard saying how you feel to a teacher.' (Pupil)

In 30% of schools, it was identified that there is a greater need for specialised counselling support. Pupils do not feel as if they have an allocated time within the day or a nominated person to speak to about their feelings.

Use this document to consider how your school's offer of pupil support is experienced through an income inequality lens.





Questions To Ask Your School

Question Page



- Is the route to accessing support communicated well?
- Can pupils who need further support access this in a way which does not impact their learning?
- Is there sufficient capacity for staff to support the pupils?
- Can another child tell if a pupil is accessing support?



- Do pupils know who and when they can speak to staff?
- Do pupils trust the designated staff member(s)?
- Is there a safe space for pupils to share their concerns?
- Is there any extra support in place at stressful times, for example, exam season?



- Are pupils taught about bullying empathetically, showing both sides?
- Do all stakeholders understand the various approaches?
- Where an issue is identified, are follow-up meetings scheduled with the appropriate people?
- Do pupils understand what mental health support is available?

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6



Accessing Support

What Citizens Say



'[My sister] told them but nothing happened.' (pupil)

'Wellbeing stopped talking to me because I wasn't bad enough.' (pupil)

'It's not very discrete, everyone can see you go there.' (pupil)

What Your School Can Do?

Barriers	Guidance
Pupils are unaware of the support offered, or the support offered is at unsuitable times.	 Consider specialised counselling support for children who need extra time and communicate this directly. Consider when allocated support time is throughout the day. Does it clash with learning or religious activities? Define drop-in times for children to see members of staff, so children know when they can speak to staff.
The pupil's demand for support outweighs staff capacity.	 Allow more staff to be identified as touchpoints for children to share their concerns. Consider training pupils to become peer wellbeing ambassadors. This can feel less intimidating for pupils than selecting a member of staff to contact. Find out how to develop a peer support programme on the Anna Freud website.
Those with additional needs may benefit from further support from the school.	 SENDCos are encouraged to have a clear strategy for understanding how pupils with SEND or Pupil Premium are vulnerable to the effects of poverty. Consider creating workshops for parents on specific SEND aspects with signposted support. Conducting whole school screening for identification of specific SEND

needs.



Barriers

Families are unaware of the support the school might be able to offer.

Guidance

- Clarify to pupils and parents that they can approach school if they need financial support.
- This should be communicated again when discussing any trip or request for uniforms or resources.
- For pupils in poverty who have recently been through a traumatic event that has impacted their education, apply for a grant for essential resources at Buttle UK.

Case Study

Bradford School



The Libarian offers a 'safe space' for more vulnerable pupils. She runs a range of groups to support pupils and help to build confidence. The library is open from 8.00am, breaktime, lunch time and after school. The Librarian keeps an eye on the pupils who always need new equipment because they have lost theirs. If it becomes a regular problem, she will let the Pastoral Team know.

There is good communication between LSAs, the Libarian, teachers and the Pastoral Team. If needs be, conversations will be held with pupils and support put in place if necessary.





Sharing Concerns

What Citizens Say



'It's too hard saying how you feel to a teacher.' (pupil)

'The teachers sometimes tell me to come back later when I go to see them, then I'm not sure where they are at breaktime.' (pupil)

'Shout at us, can't trust them, can't go to them.' 'Stop shouting.... listen first.' (pupil)

What Your School Can Do?

Barriers

Pupils can be **uncomfortable speaking to staff** about their worries.

Some pupils found navigating the **staff's** dual role in providing support and managing behaviour difficult.

Guidance

- Consider an anonymous method of reporting worries/concerns through the website or a reporting email address.
- Consider a 'Worry Box' in each classroom and around the school.
- If a name is included on the paper, a staff member can talk directly to the pupil. If no name is on the paper, the teacher can address the whole class.
- Ensure all staff are aware of the process which should be followed if a pupil shares a concern with them.
- When a pupil discloses something, clarify who will be told and when phone calls home is made to help build trust.
- Consider training pupil ambassadors to provide peer support and mentoring if pupils do not want to talk to staff.



Pupils do **not want to draw attention to themselves** in front of friends and other teachers.

Ensure designated rooms for accessing support are not located in busy areas or where it is quickly pointed out where someone is going.

Case Study





All children could say who they would talk to if they had issues, and many pupils in KS2 could name at least five. "They care about you a lot at school and they really mean it."

The Year 6 buddies are excellent role models and encourage kindness and support between pupils: 'they will help you find someone to play with if you are being left out' (pupil).



Pupils Emotional Wellbeing

What Citizens Say



'Wish they taught more about mental health.' (pupil)

'The staff tell us that we can talk to any adult, that we trust in school.' (pupil)

What Your School Can Do?

Barriers

Guidance

Pupils do not know about mental health support or feel like it is not a priority for the school.

- Ensure that open conversations are encouraged. To avoid stigma around talking about mental health.
- Talk about emotional well-being and the importance of accessing support in assemblies to promote a supportive environment at school.
- Display boards can remind pupils to be kind as they move around the school.
- Consider having photos of the school nurse, who is available and has a role within the school, to ensure pupils are aware.

Behaviour and pastoral matters are not separated.

- Consider creating small, portable resources to help pupils with behavioural issues identify their emotions and choose strategies to self-manage.
- Consider the creation of a 'pass' that allows pupils to go to a room and speak to staff about their feelings.
- Consider extracurricular activities such as boxing to channel pupils' emotions in a healthy way.
- A small number of pupils stated that they feel **under pressure** about their SATs.
- Consider some specific sessions with pupils in preparation for their SATs.
- Reflect with staff on the feedback of Year Six pupils regarding their SATs and the significant pressure they are feeling.
- Free Breakfast Club access for all Year Six pupils in the run-up to SATs.
- Share a range of free resources to all pupils.



Case Study

Bradford Schools



The majority of **pupils know that there is support available to them if they have worries or concerns**. There is also Mental Health support for pupils who are struggling.

The theme of mental health is often used in assemblies with the names of staff made visible that pupils can contact if they need support. "Every assembly they tell us who we can talk to."



References

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Child Poverty Action Group (2020). Tackling Child Poverty: A guide for schools. Available at: https://cpag.org.uk/sites/default/files/2023-08/Tackling%20child%20poverty-%20a%20guide%20for%20schools.pdf [Accessed 27 September 2024].

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If you have any feedback on this document or good practice that your school is doing, we would love to hear from you.

Please email schools@mylivingwell.co.uk.

